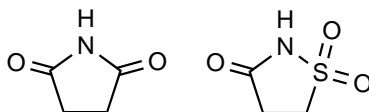


## imides

1. Diacyl derivatives of ammonia or primary *amines*, especially those cyclic compounds derived from diacids, e.g.



2. In additive nomenclature, in which imide is analogous to oxide, the term is used to name compounds of the type  $R_3Y^+-N^-R$  ( $Y = N, P$ ) and  $R_2Z^+-N^-R$  ( $Z = O, S, Se, Te$ ), which are the products of formal attachment of an  $RN=$  group to N, P, O, S, Se, Te. E.g. amine imides, azomethine imides.

3. Salts having the anion  $RN^{2-}$ .

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