

rotational diffusion coefficient

Defined by the equation:

$$D_{\theta} = \frac{t_{\theta}}{(\partial f(\theta, \Phi) / \partial \theta) \sin \theta}$$

where $f(\theta, \Phi) \sin \theta d\theta d\Phi$ is the fraction of particles whose axes make an angle between θ and $\theta + d\theta$ with the direction $\theta = 0$, and have an azimuth between Φ and $\Phi + d\Phi$; $t_{\theta} d\Phi$ is the fraction of particles having an azimuth between Φ and $\Phi + d\Phi$ whose axis passes from values $< \theta$ to values $> \theta$ in unit time. The axis whose rotational diffusion is considered has to be clearly indicated.

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